# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE MENIFEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

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## Morgan-Granklin, LLC

#### Certified Public Accountants

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To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Ernie Fletcher, Governor
Mike Burnside, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable J. D. Trimble, Former Menifee County Judge/Executive
Honorable Hershell Sexton, Menifee County Judge/Executive
Members of the Menifee County Fiscal Court

#### Independent Auditors' Report

We were engaged to audit the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Menifee County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Menifee County Fiscal Court.

We were unable to obtain accurate and complete financial records and we were unable to apply other auditing procedures regarding the financial reporting system of accounts which limited the scope of our work of each major fund presented. Furthermore the county did not prepare financial statements for the Menifee County Public Properties Corporation.

As described in Note 1, Menifee County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements on a prescribed basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Because we were unable to obtain accurate and complete financial records, and we were unable to apply other auditing procedures regarding the financial reporting system of accounts as discussed in the second paragraph, the scope of our work was not sufficient to enable us to express, and we do not express, an opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of Menifee County, Kentucky.

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We were engaged to audit the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Menifee County Fiscal Court for the purpose of forming an opinion and have disclaimed an opinion on the information. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of State, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, and is not a required part of the financial statements. The combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Because of the scope limitation discussed in the second paragraph, the scope of our work was not sufficient to enable us to express, and we do not express, an opinion on the combining fund financial statements or the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 21, 2007 on our consideration of Menifee County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management has not presented the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by GASB. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the budgetary comparison information. However, we did not audit it and express no opinion on it.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the schedule of findings and questioned costs, included herein, which discusses the following report comments:

**2005-01:** The Treasurer Should Record All Revenues And Expenditures

2005-02: The Treasurer Should Prepare An Accurate And Complete June 30, 2005 Financial Statement

2005-03: The Treasurer Should Maintain All Records Necessary For Audit

2005-04: Payroll Withholdings Should Be Computed Correctly

2005-05: Menifee County Fiscal Court Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

2005-06: Adequate Property, Plant And Equipment Records Should Be Maintained

2005-07: Disbursements Should Be Adequately Documented

2005-08: All Employees Should Maintain Timesheets

2005-09: The Fiscal Court Should Prepare A Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards

2005-10: The Fiscal Court Should Deposit Funds Into Interest-Bearing Bank Accounts And Should Create An Investment Policy

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Members of the Menifee County Fiscal Court

- 2005-11: The Fiscal Court Should Approve All Transfers
- 2005-12: The Treasurer Should Prepare An Annual Financial Statement And Have It Published In Accordance With KRS 424.220
- 2005-13: The County Judge/Executive Appears To Have Been Overpaid
- 2005-14: The Menifee County Fiscal Court Should Fix Compensation Of County Employees
- 2005-15: The Menifee County Fiscal Court's Actual Expenditures Should Not Exceed Budgeted Expenditures
- 2005-16: The County Treasurer Should Not Disburse Any Money Without Fiscal Court Approval And Should Keep An Accurate Detailed Account Of All Money Received And Disbursed By Him For The County
- 2005-17: The Judge/Executive Should Prepare A Proposed Budget For All County Funds
- 2005-18: The County Judge Should Present All Claims To The Fiscal Court Prior To Payment
- 2005-19: The Fiscal Court Should Pay Invoices Within Thirty Days Of Receipt Of A Vendor's Invoice

Respectfully submitted,

Morgan - Frankli, JJC

Morgan-Franklin, LLC

February 21, 2007

#### MENIFEE COUNTY OFFICIALS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **Fiscal Court Members:**

J. D. Trimble Former County Judge/Executive

Hershell Sexton County Judge/Executive

Bob Ross Magistrate

Joe Thomas Magistrate

David Wells Magistrate

Glenn Mullins Magistrate

Rick Crain Magistrate

Other Elected Officials:

John Nefzger County Attorney

JoAnn Curtis County Clerk

Rodney Coffey Sheriff

Ruby Morrison Jailer

Jim Lawson Property Valuation Administrator

Scott Ferrell Coroner

Karen Wells-Sorrell Circuit Clerk

Appointed Personnel:

Stuart Salyer County Treasurer

Dwayne Smallwood Road Supervisor

Kelly Adams Occupational Tax Collector

## MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Primary Government					
	Go	vernmental	Busi	ness-Type		
	1	Activities	A	ctivities		Totals
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	277,868	\$	4,753	\$	282,621
Total Current Assets		277,868		4,753		282,621
Noncurrent Assets:						
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated						
Depreciation						
Land and Land Improvements		405,000				405,000
Buildings and Improvements		2,581,848				2,581,848
Furniture and Equipment		15,540				15,540
Vehicles and Equipment		370,920		56,700		427,620
Infrastructure Assets - Net						
of Depreciation		20,659				20,659
Total Noncurrent Assets		3,393,967		56,700		3,450,667
Total Assets		3,671,835		61,453		3,733,288
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Financing Obligations		161,017		22,406		183,423
Total Current Liabilities		161,017		22,406		183,423
Noncurrent Liabilities:						
Financing Obligations		1,067,055		23,412		1,090,467
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		1,067,055		23,412		1,090,467
Total Liabilities		1,228,072		45,818		1,273,890
NET ASSETS						
Invested in Capital Assets,						
Net of Related Debt		2,165,895		10,882		2,176,777
Unrestricted		277,868		4,753		282,621
Total Net Assets	\$	2,443,763	\$	15,635	\$	2,459,398

## MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

			Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs				harges for	G	Operating Frants and	Gr	Capital ants and
Reporting Entity		Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions	Con	tributions
Primary Government:								
Governmental Activities:								
General Government	\$	1,382,541	\$		\$	176,036	\$	
Protection to Persons and Property		235,078		1,157		146,730		51,173
General Health and Sanitation		251,594				82,049		32,101
Recreation and Culture		34,955		13,257				
Roads		658,055				980,424		
Debt Service		160,870						
Total Governmental Activities		2,723,093		14,414		1,385,239		83,274
Business-type Activities:								
Ambulance Service		407,816		246,307		10,689		
Total Business-type Activities		407,816		246,307		10,689		
Total Primary Government	_\$	3,130,909	\$	260,721	\$	1,395,928	_\$	83,274

#### General Revenues and Transfers:

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes

Motor Vehicle Taxes

Insurance License Fees

Occupational Taxes

E-911 Surcharges

In Lieu Taxes

Other Taxes

Garbage Collections

Excess Fees

Unrestricted Investment Earnings

Transfer

Miscellaneous Revenues

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning

Net Assets - Ending

### MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government					
	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-Type Activities		Totals
	Activities		Activities		Totals
\$	(1,206,505)	\$		\$	(1,206,505)
J	(36,018)	φ		J	(36,018)
	(137,444)				(137,444)
	(21,698)				(21,698)
	322,369				322,369
	(160,870)				(160,870)
	(1,240,166)				(1,240,166)
			(150,820)		(150,820)
			(150,820)		(150,820)
			(150,820)		(130,620)
	(1,240,166)		(150,820)		(1,390,986)
	196,429				196,429
	37,327				37,327
	117,963				117,963
	271,091				271,091
	78,591				78,591
	98,043				98,043
	32,881				32,881
	226,031				226,031
	29,306				29,306
	969				969
	(156,000)		156,000		
	223,297		<del></del>		223,297
	1,155,928		156,000		1,311,928
	(84,238)		5,180		(79,058)
	2,528,001		10,455		2,538,456
S	2,443,763	\$	15,635	\$	2,459,398

## MENIFEE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## MENIFEE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	_	eneral Fund		Road Fund	_	Animal Shelter	_	Health x Fund	LGEA Fund
ASSETS  Cash and Cash Equivalents  Total Assets	\$	58,477 58,477	\$	30,573 30,573	\$ \$	78,189 78,189	\$	42,229 42,229	\$ 41,392 41,392
FUND BALANCES Unreserved:									
General Fund Special Revenue Funds	\$	58,477	\$	30,573	\$	78,189	\$	42,229	\$ 41,392
Total Fund Balances	\$	58,477	\$	30,573	\$	78,189	\$	42,229	\$ 41,392
Reconciliation to Statement of Chang	ges In	Net Asse	ts:						
Total Fund Balances  Amounts Reported for Governmental A of Net Assets are Different Because:  Capital Assets Used in Governmenta									\$ 277,868
Net of Accumulated Depreciation of and, Therefore, are not Reported in Notes Receivables Are Not Reported Long-Term Debt Is Not Due And Payal	of \$71 the H In Th	4,162 are Funds. ne Funds.	not Fi	nancial Res	ources				3,393,967
Therefore, Is Not Reported In The Fu Financing Obligations	ınds.					•			 (1,228,072)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities									\$ 2,443,763

### MENIFEE COUNTY BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Non-	Total				
Major	Gov	ernmental			
 Funds		Funds			
\$ 27,008	\$	277,868			
\$ 27,008	\$	277,868			
\$	\$	58,477			
 27,008		219,391			
\$ 27,008	\$	277,868			

#### MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	General Fund	Road Fund	LGEA Fund	Animal Shelter Fund
REVENUES				
Taxes	\$ 318,474	\$ 226,031	\$	\$
In Lieu Tax Payments	51,312	46,731		
Excess Fees	29,306			
Licenses and Permits	271,091			
Intergovernmental	266,771	959,522	120,085	82,049
Charges for Services				
Miscellaneous	162,340	19,658	627	
Interest	710	259_		
Total Revenues	1,100,004	1,252,201	120,712	82,049
EXPENDITURES				
General Government	680,886		6,960	
Protection to Persons and Property	32,666		. ,.	
General Health and Sanitation	11,511	143,079	30,385	3,860
Recreation and Culture	,	,	ŕ	
Roads		667,829		
Debt Service	97,444	112,993		
Administration	261,379	208,255	1,469	
Total Expenditures	1,083,886	1,132,156	38,814	3,860
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other				
Financing Sources (Uses)	16,118	120,045	81,898	78,189
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Financing Obligation Proceeds		90,000		
Transfers From Other Funds	327,618	113,582		
Transfers To Other Funds Transfers To Other Funds	(321,136)	(403,384)	(79,980)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	6,482	(199,802)	$\frac{(79,980)}{(79,980)}$	
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	0,402	(199,802)	(77,700)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	22,600	(79,757)	1,918	78,189
Fund Balances - Beginning	35,877	110,330	39,474	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 58,477	\$ 30,573	\$ 41,392	\$ 78,189

#### MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Health Tax Fund	Non- Major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 66,125	\$ 78,591	\$ 689,221 98,043 29,306
257	41,244 13,257 40,415	271,091 1,469,671 13,257 223,297
66,382	173,507	969 2,794,855
60,245	110,417 174,632 31,871 20,063 52,326 389,309	798,263 207,298 249,080 31,871 667,829 230,500 523,429 2,708,270
6,137	(215,802)	86,585
	207,300	90,000 648,500 (804,500) (66,000)
6,137 36,092 \$ 42,229	(8,502) 35,510 \$ 27,008	20,585 257,283 \$ 277,868

#### MENIFEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### MENIFEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 20,585
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays as Expenditures. However, in the	
Statement of Activities the Cost of those Assets are Allocated Over Their	
Estimated Useful Lives and Reported as Depreciation Expense.	
Capital Outlay	28,885
Depreciation Expense	(113,337)
The Issuance of Long-term Debt (e.g. Bonds, Leases) Provides Current	
Financial Resources to Governmental Funds. While Lease and Bond	
Payments are Expensed in the Governmental Funds as a	
Use of Current Financial Resources. These Transactions,	
However, Have no Effect on Net Assets.	
Financing Obligation Proceeds	(90,000)
Lease and Bond Principal Payments are Expensed in the Governmental Funds	
as a Use of Current Financial Resources.	
Financing Obligations Payments	 69,629
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (84,238)

## MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	Enterprise Funds  Ambulance Service Fund		
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,753	
Total Current Assets		4,753	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Capital Assets:			
Vehicles And Equipment			
Less Accumulated Depreciation		56,700	
Total Noncurrent Assets		56,700	
Total Assets		61,453	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Financing Obligations		22,406	
Noncurrent Liabilities:			
Financing Obligations		23,412	
Total Liabilities		45,818	
Net Assets			
Invested in Capital Assets,			
Net of Related Debt		10,882	
Unrestricted		4,753	
Total Net Assets	\$	15,635	

# MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS – PROPRIETARY FUND MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### **Enterprise Funds**

	Ambulance Service Fund		
Operating Revenues		Sel vice	runu
Run Fees	\$	246,307	
Total Operating Revenues		210,507	246,307
Operating Expenses			
Salaries & Wages		234,801	
Depreciation		10,800	
Vehicles and Equipment		2,777	
Auto Maintenance		6,263	
Rentals		4,200	
Office Supplies		3,205	
Uniforms		583	
Licenses		390	
Medical Supplies		13,488	
Postage		68	
Telephone		3,819	
Training		679	
Travel		69	
Utilities		3,635	
Office Equipment		26	
Equipment		1,883	
Social Security and Medicare		17,962	
Retirement		19,640	
Insurance		8,326	
Life Insurance		22,891	
Health Insurance		98	
Worker's Compensation		35,915	
Miscellaneous		16,298	
Total Operating Expenses			407,816
Operating Income (Loss)			(161,509)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			
Grant Proceeds		10,689	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)			10,689
Change In Net Assets			(150,820)
Transfers In			156,000
Total Net Assets - Beginning			10,455
Total Net Assets - Ending			\$ 15,635

#### MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

## MENIFEE COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND – MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	A	mbulance Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from Customers	\$	246,307
Materials and Supplies		(41,085)
Personnel Services		(339,633)
Miscellaneous		(16,298)
Net Cash Provided by		
Operating Activities		(150,709)
Cash Flows From Capital And Related		
Financing Activities		
Purchase of Ambulance		(67,500)
Lease Principal Payments		(21,682)
Lease Proceeds		67,500
Net Cash Provided by Capital		
Financing Activities		(21,682)
Cash Flows from Noncapital		
Financing Activities		
Grant Proceeds		10,689
Transfers in		156,000
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital		
Financing Activities		166,689
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2004		10,455
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2005	\$	4,753
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Used by Operating Activities		
Operating Loss	\$	(161,509)
Depreciation		10,800
Net Cash Used by		
Operating Activities	\$	(150,709)

### MENIFEE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2005

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however the value of these assets are included in the Statement of Net Assets and their corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Menifee County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or the organization's exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. All other component units are discretely presented. Management should have included the Menifee County Public Properties Corporation as part of the reporting entity. However, because the Corporation did not prepare financial statements, its financial information is not reported with that of Menifee County Fiscal Court.

#### C. Menifee County Elected Officials

The Kentucky constitution provides for election of the below officials from the geographic area constituting Menifee County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These financial statements are not required to be included in the financial statements of Menifee County, Kentucky.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Menifee County Elected Officials (Continued)

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government—wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities), report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund financial statements. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories: 1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include l) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function 2) operating grants and contributions and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major funds. Major funds are those funds whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary funds) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses are a least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

#### Governmental Funds

All governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets are not reflected in the financial statements.

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the fiscal court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Governor's Office for Local Development requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck licenses distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the fiscal court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Animal Shelter Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the animal shelter expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are grants from the state and federal government and transfers from the General Fund.

Health Tax Fund -The purpose of this fund is to account for receipt and expenditure of health tax funds.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund – These funds may be spent for public safety, environmental protection, public transportation, health, recreation libraries, social services, industrial and economic development, workforce training, and secondary wood industry development. In no event shall these funds be used for expenses relating to the administration of government. The Governor's Office for Local Development requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

#### Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Parks Enterprise Fund, Emergency 911 Fund, Wellness Fund, Health Tax Fund, Building Commission Fund, and Animal Shelter Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

MENIFEE COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2005
(Continued)
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### Proprietary Fund:

The proprietary fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified cash basis of accounting. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the county's enterprise fund is charges to customers for ambulance service. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost services and administrative expenses. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements of Interpretations issued after November 30, 1998 unless the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

#### Proprietary Fund (Continued)

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Ambulance Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for ambulance service expenses of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are charges for services and grant funds from state and federal governments. The funds are used to maintain and operate an ambulance service.

The primary government should have reported the following major proprietary fund:

Menifee County Public Properties Corporation – The purpose of this fund is to account for the activities of the Menifee County Public Properties Corporation. The Menifee County Public Properties Corporation issued debt to renovate the courthouse. The Menifee County Public Properties Corporation has entered into a lease agreement with the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Administrative Office of the Courts (the "AOC"), in which the AOC wishes to use and sublease all or a portion of certain facilities owned or to be constructed by or on behalf of the County. This sublease requires payments to be made by AOC in an amount equal to the debt payments associated with the renovations.

#### E. Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificate of deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

MENIFEE COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2005
(Continued)
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, should have been reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets should be recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life should not be capitalized. Land and Construction In Progress should not be depreciated. Interest incurred during construction should not be capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure should be depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	_	Capitalization Threshold	Useful Life (Years)
Land Improvements	\$	12,500	10-60
Buildings and Building Improvements	\$	25,000	10-75
Machinery and Equipment	\$	2,500	3-25
Vehicles	\$	2,500	3-5
Infrastructure	\$	20,000	10-50
Office Equipment	\$	1,000	3-25

#### G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period.

The principal amount of the debt and interest is reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

#### H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances, may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent the fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

MENIFEE COUNTY
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2005
(Continued)
Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### H. Fund Equity (Continued)

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance.

#### I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

Formal budgets are not adopted for the Menifee County Public Properties Corporation Fund because bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific payments to and from this fund annually. The Governor's Office for Local Development does not require this fund to be budgeted. Furthermore, formal budgets were not adopted for the ECHO Fund and Cave Run Water Commission – Water Treatment Fund, as required.

#### J. Related Organizations, Joint Venture, and Jointly Governed Organizations

A jointly governed organization is an entity that results from a multigovernmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each participating government. The entity provides services to the citizens of each participating government, but there is no ongoing financial interest or responsibility of the participating governments. The jointly governed organization can act independently of each of the participating governments. The Menifee, Morgan and Rowan Counties Industrial Park (MMRC) meets the criteria noted above and is an organization jointly governed by the Kentucky counties previously mentioned.

#### K. Property Tax Calendar

Generally, and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale April 30 following the delinquency date.

#### Note 2. Deposits and Investments

#### A. Collateral

The County maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480 (1)(d). According to KRS 66.480(1)(d) and KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the county and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

#### B. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution's failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk, but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240 (4). As of August 31, 2004 and June 30, 2005, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

Note 3. Capital Assets

	Rep	orting Entity						
		Beginning					Ending	
Primary Government:		Balance		Increases	Decreases		Balance	
Governmental Activities:								
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:								
Land and Land Improvements	\$	405,000	_\$_		\$		405,000	
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		405,000					405,000	
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:								
Buildings & Improvements		3,076,414					3,076,414	
Vehicles and Equipment		570,130		6,751			576,881	
Furniture & Office Equipment		27,700		22 124			27,700	
Infrastructure Total Capital Assets Being				22,134			22,134	
Depreciated		3,674,244		28,885			3,703,129	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Buildings & Improvements		(430,907)		(63,659)			(494,566)	
Vehicles and Equipment		(163,505)		(42,455)			(205,960)	
Furniture & Office Equipment		(6,413)		(5,747)			(12,160)	
Infrastructure				(1,476)			(1,476)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(600,825)		(113,337)	Reference of the Control of the Cont		(714,162)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net		3,073,419		(84,452)			2,988,967	
Governmental Activities Capital- Assets, Net	\$	3,478,419	_\$_	(84,452)	\$ 0	\$	3,393,967	
Proprietary Activities						,		
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated: Vehicles	\$		\$	67,500	\$	\$	67,500	
Total Capital Assets Being	<u> </u>		_Ψ	07,500		<u></u> -Ψ-	07,500	
Depreciated			-	67,500			67,500	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Vehicles				(10,800)			(10,800)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation				(10,800)			(10,800)	
Proprietary Activities Capital								
Assets, Net	_\$	0	\$	56,700	\$ 0	\$	56,700	

#### Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Govern	mental	Activities:
~		

General Government	\$	60,848
Protection to Persons and Property	•	27,780
General Health and Sanitation		2,514
Recreation and Culture		3,084
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets		19,111
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	113,337
Business - Type Activities:		
Ambulance Fund	\$	10,800

#### Note 4. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan public retirement system, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 8.48 percent. Hazardous covered employees are required to contribute 8 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for hazardous employees was 22.08 percent.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Aspects of benefits for hazardous employees include retirement after 20 years of service or age 55.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646

#### Note 5. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, Menifee County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

Note 6. Long-term Debt

Governmental Activities:

#### A. Capital Lease - Courthouse Renovation And Industrial Park Improvements

On September 12, 2001, the Menifee County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust for various projects including courthouse renovation and industrial park improvements in the amount of \$785,000 with an interest rate of 5.6 percent. The agreement requires two semiannual interest payments be made in March and September of each year commencing March 1, 2002. Principal payments are due in September of each year commencing September 1, 2002, to be paid in full September 1, 2026. As of June 30, 2005, the principal balance remaining was \$720,000. Lease payments for the remaining years are:

Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	F	rincipal	Interest		
2006	\$	25,000	\$	36,811	
2007		25,000		35,749	
2008		25,000		34,642	
2009		30,000		33,778	
2010		30,000		31,998	
2011-2015		160,000		137,724	
2016-2020		215,000		88,920	
2021-2025		165,000		30,380	
2026		45,000		2,660	
Totals	\$	720,000	\$	432,662	

#### B. Capital Lease - Ohio Casualty Company Settlement

On March 21, 2002, the Menifee County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement with the Kentucky Area Development Districts Financing Trust in the amount of \$205,000 with a variable interest rate of 4.0 to 4.9 percent. The funds were used to pay a settlement with Ohio Casualty Company relating to an overpayment of insurance premium taxes paid by Ohio Casualty Company to the Menifee County Fiscal Court. The agreement requires two semiannual interest payments be made in May and November of each year commencing November 1, 2002. Principal payments are due in May of each year commencing May 1, 2003, to be paid in full May 1, 2012. As of June 30, 2005, the principal balance remaining was \$155,000. Lease payments for the remaining years are:

Fiscal Year Ended	_		_		
June 30	Principal		Interest		
2006	ø	20.000	ď	7 176	
	\$	20,000	\$	7,475	
2007		20,000		6,555	
2008		20,000		5,635	
2009		20,000		4,655	
2010		25,000		3,675	
2011-2012		50,000		3,675	
Totals	\$	155,000	\$	31,670	

#### Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### Governmental Activities:

#### C. Capital Lease - 12G Grader

In July 2003, the Menifee County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement for a 12G Grader with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation in the amount of \$64,250. The lease requires monthly payments of \$1,179 for 60 months at an interest rate of 3.75%. As of June 30, 2005, the principal balance remaining was \$39,693. Lease payments for the remaining years are:

Fiscal Year Ended				
June 30	P	Principal Interest		
2006	\$	12,884	\$	31,516
2007		13,375		26,766
2008		13,434		21,968
Totals	\$	39,693	\$	80,250

#### D. Capital Lease - 914G Grader

In September 2003, the Menifee County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement for a 914G grader with Caterpillar Financial Services Corporation in the amount of \$32,350. The lease requires monthly payments of \$728 for 48 months at an interest rate of 4.0%. As of June 30, 2005, the principal balance remaining was \$18,879. Lease payments for the following years are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Principal		Interest		
2006 2007 2008	\$	8,133 8,465 2,281	\$	632 300 24	
Totals	\$	18,879	\$	956_	

MENIFEE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005 (Continued)

Note 6. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### Governmental Activities:

#### E. United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Development

Long-term notes payable consisted of a \$233,000 notes payable due to the United States Department of Agriculture, Rural Development bearing interest at a rate of 5%. The note requires semiannual interest payments due in June and December of each year and annual principal payments due in December of each year. As of June 30, 2005, the principal balance remaining was \$204,500. Note payments for the following years are:

Fiscal Year Ended					
June 30	F	Principal		Interest	
2006	\$	5,000	\$	10,225	
2007		5,000		9,975	
2008		5,500		9,725	
2009		5,500		9,450	
2010		6,000		9,175	
2011-2015		35,000		41,050	
2016-2020		44,500		31,400	
2021-2025		56,500		19,150	
2026-2027		41,500	4,225		
Totals	\$	204,500	_\$_	144,375	

#### Public Properties Corporation:

#### F. Menifee County Public Properties Corporation – Courthouse Renovation

On May 1, 2000, the Menifee County Public Properties Corporation issued \$2,845,000 in First Mortgage Revenue Bonds for the purpose of renovating the existing courthouse facility. Interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on March 1 and September 1 of each year commencing September 1, 2000. Principal payments are payable annually commencing March 1, 2002.

On May 1, 2000, the Menifee County Public Properties Corporation (the Corporation) entered into a lease agreement with the Administrative Office of the Courts (AOC) and the Menifee County Fiscal Court in which the AOC and the County leases from the Corporation the renovated courthouse. The annual AOC rental payments are expected to be in the amount of the principal and the interest payments due each year. The County is obligated to provide operation, maintenance, insurance, and repairs to the courthouse. The outstanding balance of this bond as of June 30, 2005 is \$2,675,000. Payments for the following years are:

MENIFEE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005 (Continued)

Note 7. Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### F. Menifee County Public Properties Corporation - Courthouse Renovation (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended						
June 30	Principal Interes					
2006	\$	50,000	\$	154,681		
2007		50,000		152,181		
2008		55,000		149,681		
2009		55,000		146,876		
2010		60,000	000 144,0			
2011-2015		340,000		671,011		
2016-2020		450,000		508,253		
2021-2025		605,000		421,593		
2026-2030		815,000		215,113		
2031		195,000		11,944		
Totals	\$_	2,675,000	\$	2,575,404		

#### Business - Type Activities:

#### G. Capital Lease - Ambulance

In April 2004, the Menifee County Fiscal Court entered into a lease agreement for an Ambulance with Kansas State Bank in the amount of \$67,500. The lease requires annual payments to be made by April 30 of each year with the last payment to be made on April 30, 2007. As of June 30, 2005, the principal balance remaining was \$45,818. Lease payment for the following years are:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	P	rincipal	<u>I</u> 1	nterest
2006 2007	\$	22,406 23,412	\$	2,057 1,051
Totals	\$	45,818	\$	3,108

#### H. Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2005, was as follows:

	I	Beginning						Ending	Du	e Within
		Balance	A	dditions	Reductions			Balance	One Year	
Primary Government: Governmental Activities:										
Financing Obligations	\$	1,207,701	\$	0	\$	69,629	\$	1,138,072	\$	71,017
Business-type Activities Financing Obligations	\$	0	\$	67,500	\$	21,682	\$	45,818	\$	22,406

MENIFEE COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2005 (Continued)

#### Note 8. Short-Term Notes Payable

On June 23, 2004, the Menifee County Fiscal Court borrowed \$90,000 at an interest rate of 6% from Traditional Bank to purchase two garbage trucks from The City of Frenchburg. This note required one principal payment of \$90,000 plus interest on June 23, 2005. At June 30, 2005, the balance of this note was \$0.

On June 23, 2005, the Menifee County Fiscal Court borrowed \$90,000 at an interest rate of 6% from Traditional Bank to pay the \$90,000 balance due on the note described in the preceding paragraph. This note requires one principal payment of \$90,000 plus interest on July 14, 2006. At June 30, 2005, the balance of this note was \$90,000.

	Ве	ginning					3	Ending	
	E	alance	A	dditions	Re	ductions	Balance		
Short - Term Debt	_\$	90,000	_\$	90,000	_\$_	90,000	\$	90,000	

#### Note 9. Interest on Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$79,246 in interest on financing obligations.

#### Note 10. Deferred Compensation

The Menifee County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees Deferred Compensation Authority, 105 Sea Hero Road Suite #1, Frankfort, KY 40601-8862.

				GENER	AL	FUND		
	***************************************	Budgeted	Amo			Actual Amounts, Budgetary	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
DEVIENTIES		Original		Final		Basis)		Negative)
REVENUES	\$	291,600	\$	291,600	\$	318,474	\$	26,874
Taxes In Lieu Payments	Ф	291,000	Φ	291,000	Ф	51,312	Þ	51,312
Excess Fees		3,200		3,200		29,306		26,106
Licenses and Permits		226,000		226,000		271,091		45,091
Intergovernmental Revenue		233,710		233,710		266,771		33,061
Miscellaneous		100,000		100,000		162,340		62,340
Interest		5,000		5,000		710		(4,290)
Total Revenues		859,510		859,510		1,100,004		240,494
Total Revenues		839,310		039,310		1,100,004		240,494
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		461,864		534,951		680,886		(145,935)
Protection to Persons and Property		12,903		10,523		32,666		(22,143)
General Health and Sanitation		6,525		8,525		11,511		(2,986)
Debt Service		97,444		97,444		97,444		0
Administration		172,077		208,052		261,379		(53,327)
Total Expenditures		750,813		859,495		1,083,886		(224,391)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		108,697		15		16,118		16,103
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Financing Obligation Proceeds		·						
Transfers From Other Funds		153,439		153,439		327,618		174,179
Transfers To Other Funds		(210,963)		(210,963)		(321,136)		(110,173)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(57,524)		(57,524)		6,482		64,006
Net Changes in Fund Balance		51,173		(57,509)		22,600		80,109
Fund Balance - Beginning		,				35,877		35,877
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	51,173	\$	(57,509)	_\$	58,477	\$	115,986

	ROAD FUND										
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fir	iance with nal Budget Positive Negative)			
REVENUES											
Taxes	\$	215,000	\$	215,000	\$	226,031	\$	11,031			
In Lieu Payments		40,000		40,000		46,731		6,731			
Intergovernmental Revenue		640,790		640,790		959,522		318,732			
Miscellaneous						19,658		19,658			
Administration						259		259_			
Total Revenues		895,790		895,790		1,252,201		356,411			
EXPENDITURES											
General Health and Sanitation		144,000		154,000		143,079		10,921			
Roads		463,000		544,000		667,829		(123,829)			
Debt Service		,		,		112,993		(112,993)			
Administration		194,243		204,164		208,255		(4,091)			
Total Expenditures		801,243		902,164		1,132,156		(229,992)			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over											
Expenditures Before Other											
Financing Sources (Uses)		94,547		(6,374)		120,045		126,419			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)											
Financing Obligation Proceeds						90,000		90,000			
Transfers From Other Funds		58,892		58,892		113,582		54,690			
Transfers To Other Funds		(153,439)		(153,439)		(403,384)		(249,945)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(94,547)		(94,547)		(199,802)		(105,255)			
Net Changes in Fund Balance				(100,921)		(79,757)		21,164			
Fund Balance - Beginning				·		110,330		110,330			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(100,921)	\$	30,573	\$	131,494			

	ANIMAL SHELTER											
		Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)									
REVENUES	-											
Intergovernmental	\$	81,789	\$	81,579	\$	82,049	\$	470				
Total Revenues		81,789		81,579		82,049		470				
EXPENDITURES General Health and Sanitation Total Expenditures		81,789 81,789		81,789 81,789		3,860 3,860		77,929 77,929				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over												
Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(210)		78,189		78,399				
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning				(210)	-	78,189		78,399				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	0	\$	(210)		78,189	\$	78,399				

				HEAL	TH T	AX		
		Budgeted			A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
DATE LEDIT LEG		Original		Final		Dasis)	(14	egalive)
REVENUES Taxes Miscellaneous	\$	58,000	\$	58,000	\$	66,125 257	\$	8,125 257
Total Revenues		58,000		58,000		66,382		8,382
EXPENDITURES  General Health and Sanitation  Administration		58,000		88,000 6,180		60,245		27,755 6,180
Total Expenditures		58,000		94,180		60,245		33,935
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(36,180)		6,137		42,317
Net Changes in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning				(36,180)		6,137 36,092		42,317 36,092
Fund Balance - Ending	_\$	0	_\$	(36,180)	_\$	42,229	\$	78,409

#### For The Year Ending June 30, 2005

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE FUND

	Budgeted	 	A	Actual mounts, Budgetary	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Original	 Final		Basis)	1)	legative)
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Revenue	\$ 57,000	\$ 57,000	\$	120,085	\$	63,085
Miscellaneous	 	 		627		627
Total Revenues	 57,000	 57,000		120,712		63,712
EXPENDITURES						
General Government	8,200	8,800		6,960		1,840
General Health and Sanitation	-,	,		30,385		(30,385)
Administration	3,820	43,391		1,469		41,922
Total Expenditures	 12,020	 52,191		38,814		13,377
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures Before Other						
Financing Sources (Uses)	 44,980	 4,809		81,898		77,089
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers To Other Funds	(44,980)	(44,980)		(79,980)		(35,000)
	 (44,980)	 (44,980)		(79,980)		(35,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (44,960)	 (44,360)		(79,900)		(33,000)
Net Changes in Fund Balance		(40,171)		1,918		42,089
Fund Balance - Beginning	 	 		39,474		39,474
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 0	\$ (40,171)	_\$_	41,392	\$	81,563

## MENIFEE COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### June 30, 2005

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. Formal budgets are not adopted for the Menifee County Public Properties Corporation, Cave Run Water Commission – Water Treatment Plant, and ECHO Funds.

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the Menifee County Public Properties Corporation to be budgeted. Bond indentures and other relevant contractual provisions require specific annual payments to these funds and these transfers are budgeted in the governmental funds.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

The fiscal court exceeded it's budgeted expenditures in all funds budgeted except the Health Tax and Animal Shelter Funds.

# MENIFEE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

June 30, 2005

# MENIFEE COUNTY COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

#### June 30, 2005

	fail und		Park iterprise Fund	ergency 911 Fund	ellness Fund	Com	ilding mission und	No Gov	Total n-Major ernmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 780	\$	15,675	\$ 1,571	\$ 8,165	\$	817	\$	27,008
Total Assets	\$ 780	\$	15,675	\$ 1,571	\$ 8,165	\$	817	\$	27,008
FUND BALANCES									
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 780	_\$	15,675	\$ 1,571	\$ 8,165	\$	817	\$	27,008
Total Fund Balances	\$ 780	\$	15,675	\$ 1,571	\$ 8,165	\$	817	\$	27,008

# MENIFEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

# MENIFEE COUNTY COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – MODIFIED CASH BASIS Other Supplementary Information

	Jail Fund	Park Enterprise Fund	Emergency 911 Fund	Wellness Fund	Building Commission Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Taxes	\$	\$	\$ 78,591	\$	\$	\$ 78,591
Intergovernmental	41,244					41,244
Charges For Services		13,257				13,257
Miscellaneous	964	4,131			35,320	40,415
Total Revenues	42,208	17,388	78,591		35,320	173,507
EXPENDITURES General Government			86,498	3,144	20,775	110,417
Protection to Persons and Property	174,632					174,632
Recreation and Culture	•	31,871				31,871
Debt Service					20,063	20,063
Administration	13,281	636	38,409			52,326
Total Expenditures	187,913	32,507	124,907	3,144	40,838	389,309
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(145,705)	(15,119)	(46,316)	(3,144)	(5,518)	(215,802)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	)					
Transfers From Other Funds	141,000	17,300	46,000		3,000	207,300
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	141,000	17,300	46,000		3,000	207,300
Net Change in Fund Balance Fund Balance - Beginning	(4,705) 5,485 \$ 780	2,181 13,494 \$ 15,675	(316) 1,887 \$ 1,571	(3,144) 11,309 \$ 8,165	(2,518) 3,335 \$ 817	(8,502) 35,510 \$ 27,008
Fund Balance - Ending	J /60	φ 13,073	Φ 1,5/1	ψ 0,103	Ψ 017	Ψ 27,000

## MENIFEE COUNTY SCHEDULE FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

## MENIFEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Other Supplemental Information

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses a disclaimer of opinion on the financial statements of Menifee County, Kentucky.
- 2. Seven reportable conditions relating to the internal control of the audit of the financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report. Of these, all are considered to be material weaknesses.
- 3. Twelve instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Menifee County were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No reportable conditions relating to the audit of the major federal awards programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Menifee County expresses a qualified opinion.
- 6. There is one audit finding relative to the major federal awards programs for Menifee County reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was:
  - U.S. Department Of Housing And Urban Development passed through State Department for Local Governments:

Community Development Block Grant Cave Run Water Commission Water Treatment Plant (CFDA #14.228)

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Menifee County was not determined to be a low-risk auditee.
- B. FINDINGS FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### **REPORTABLE CONDITIONS:**

#### Reference Number 2005-1

#### The Treasurer Should Record All Revenues and Expenditures

During the course of our audit, we noted that revenues in the amount of \$95,725 and disbursements in the amount of \$60,984 in the Cops Grant Account had not been recorded. We recommend that all revenues and expenditures be recorded within the financial statements.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: We worked with the Sheriff's Dept. It was spent accurately to the proper channels.

MENIFEE COUNTY
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
Other Supplemental Information
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005
(Continued)

#### Reference Number 2005-2

#### The Treasurer Should Prepare An Accurate And Complete June 30, 2005 Financial Statement

During the course of our audit, we noted numerous problems related to the presentation and disclosure of the June 30, 2005 Financial Statement as noted below:

- Transfers in and transfers out did not balance and had a net difference of \$10,775.63. These amounts should always balance.
- Large amounts of revenues and expenditures were posted to miscellaneous. Miscellaneous receipts and disbursements accounts should be used sparingly.
- All funds were not shown on the June 30, 2005 Financial Statement. The Echo Fund, Coal Development Fund, COPS Grant Account, and Public Properties Corporation Fund were not reported.
- The liabilities section should be prepared which describes all bonds, leases, and notes.

We recommend the Treasurer prepare an accurate quarter ending June 30, 2005 Financial Statement that depicts the true financial condition of the county.

The Menifee County Treasurer has not been maintaining financial records for all funds. The Treasurer did not record receipts or disbursements for the Coal Development Fund, COPS Grant Account, and ECHO Fund. We recommend that the Treasurer keep adequate records, including bank reconciliations for all accounts.

Upon scanning of miscellaneous accounts and inquiries to the treasurer, we became aware of additional debt that we were not informed of as follows:

Traditional Bank Loan \$ 90,000 Kansas State Bank Lease 67,500

We recommend that the Treasurer maintain an accurate listing of outstanding liabilities.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: City Trash Trucks - Ambulance purchase.

#### Reference Number 2005-3

#### The Treasurer Should Maintain All Records Necessary For Audit

The Treasurer did not make the following records available during the audit:

- Various Bank Reconciliations for June 30, 2005
- Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
- Liabilities Worksheet
- Detailed Encumbrance List as of June 30, 2005
- Bank Statements for various accounts
- Deposit Slips
- COPS Grant Agreement
- Rate of pay for all employees

#### Reference Number 2005-3 (Continued)

The Treasurer is not maintaining a detailed list of encumbrances. Therefore, we were unable to trace purchase orders to the Treasurer's financial statement. We recommend that the Treasurer start providing and maintaining a detailed list of his encumbrances. We recommend the Treasurer maintain all records necessary for the audit in the future.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Hopefully new treasurer employed Aug. 2005 has maintained proper records.

#### Reference Number 2005-4

#### Payroll Withholdings Should Be Computed Correctly

During our testing of payroll we found that FICA withholdings were not being computed correctly. The Treasurer should deduct retirement withholdings from gross wages to compute FICA. We recommend FICA withholdings be computed correctly in the future.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: No response.

#### Reference Number 2005-5

#### Menifee County Fiscal Court Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

We conclude the internal control structure lacks a proper segregation of duties. There is a limited staff size that prevents adequate division of responsibilities. Furthermore, the Treasurer has statutory authority to assume the role as custodian of monetary asset, as well as recorder of transactions and preparer of financial statements. We recommend the following compensating controls be implemented to offset this internal control weakness:

- The County Judge/Executive's office should maintain a separate appropriation ledger and reconcile monthly to the Treasurer's appropriation ledger.
- An independent person should list all receipts and agree them back to the Treasurer's receipt ledger.
- An independent person should complete bank reconciliation's monthly or review the Treasurer's bank reconciliation's for accuracy.
- The County Judge/Executive's office, or someone independent of the Treasurer, should issue all purchase orders.
- Someone independent of check writing and posting duties should match purchase orders to checks and invoices.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: We hired a finance officer to do this. Martie Ferrell

#### Reference Number 2005-6

#### Adequate Property, Plant And Equipment Records Should Be Maintained

During our testing of property, plant and equipment we noted the following:

- Three property, plant and equipment items tested had no supporting documentation for their values.
- Titles could not be located for two of the assets.
- During our repairs and maintenance analysis, we noted four items that appeared to require capitalization, based on the invoice, according to the county's capitalization policy, but were not included on the county's asset list.
- There were three other expenditures that we could not obtain invoices for, therefore, we could not determine if they needed to be capitalized. .

We recommend that the Treasurer keep adequate records of property plant and equipment and that future effort be made to locate paid invoices or other methods used to estimate these values.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Folders in filing cabinets. I gave a complete listing of all purchases to the treasurer and new adm.

#### Reference Number 2005-7

#### Disbursements Should Be Adequately Documented

We tested twenty-nine disbursements during our disbursement testing. Of the twenty-nine disbursements tested, sixteen invoices were not provided to us. Of the thirteen that were provided we noted the following:

- One instance in which the invoice did not agree to the check amount.
- Six instances in which check dates per the general ledger did not match the cancelled check dates.

We could not find Fiscal Court approvals for seventeen of the items tested.

We recommend that the Treasurer maintain proper documentation of disbursements expended throughout the fiscal year.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Several invoices were combined, other I don't know.

#### **NONCOMPLIANCES:**

#### Reference Number 2005-8

#### All Employees Should Maintain Timesheets

Timesheets were not maintained for the county treasurer, sheriff's deputies, and other salaried employees. KRS 337.320 states every employer shall keep record of the hours worked each day and each week by each employee. Timesheets should be kept for payroll verification and as a record of leave time used, and a supervisor should sign these time sheets. We recommend all employees maintain timesheets in the future.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Sheriff dept. had all employees time sheets (their dept.) oversight on treasurer.

#### Reference Number 2005-9

#### The Fiscal Court Should Prepare A Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards

OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, section 310(B) requires the auditee to prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards covered by the auditee's financial statements. At a minimum, the schedule shall include:

- A list of individual Federal programs by Federal Agency. For Federal Programs included in a cluster of programs, list individual Federal programs within a cluster of programs. For R&D, total Federal awards expended shall be shown either by individual award or by Federal agency and major subdivision within the Federal agency. For example, the National Institutes of Health is a major subdivision in the Department of Health and Human Services.
- For Federal awards received as a sub recipient, provide the name of the pass-through entity and identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity shall be included.
- Provide total Federal awards expended for each individual Federal program and the CFDA number or other identifying number when the CFDA information is not available.
- Include notes that describe the significant accounting policies used in preparing the schedule.
- To the extent practical, pass-through entities should identify in the schedule the total amount provided to sub recipients from each Federal Program.
- Include, in either the schedule or a note to the schedule, the value of the Federal awards expended in the form of non-cash assistance, the amount of insurance in effect during the year, and loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end. While not required, it is preferable to present this information in the schedule.

In the future, we recommend that this schedule be maintained throughout the fiscal year.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: FEMA agent, Gateway

#### Reference Number 2005-10

The Fiscal Court Should Deposit Funds Into Interest-Bearing Bank Accounts And Should Create An Investment Policy.

The Fiscal Court currently does not have an investment policy. KRS 66.480 requires fiscal courts to have adopted, by January 1, 1995, a written investment policy. The specific information that the written policy should include is listed in the full text of KRS 66.480. The Fiscal Court also does not earn interest on most of the county's funds. This would be an additional source of revenue for the county. We recommend the Fiscal Court create an investment policy and begin depositing funds into interest-bearing accounts.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: T. Bank did this for us. All accts were on NOW accts.

#### Reference Number 2005-11

#### The Fiscal Court Should Approve All Transfers

All cash transfers between funds require fiscal court approval. We could not find evidence of the fiscal court approving transfers between funds. We recommend all transfers presented to the fiscal court for approval be recorded in the official minutes of the fiscal court meeting.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Tx. Jail fund from General

#### Reference Number 2005-12

The Treasurer Should Prepare An Annual Financial Statement And Have It Published In Accordance With KRS 424.220

The Treasurer did not prepare and publish an annual financial statement. KRS 424.220 requires the Treasurer to publish an annual financial statement within 60 days following the end of the fiscal year. The financial statement is required to show the total amount collected and received from each individual source and the total amount of funds disbursed to each individual payee. We recommend the Treasurer prepare an annual financial statement and have it published in accordance with KRS 424.220.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Ck. with newspaper.

#### Reference Number 2005-13

#### The County Judge/Executive Appears To Have Been Overpaid

During our test of payroll, we discovered the County Judge/Executive, J.D. Trimble, was overpaid \$559 for calendar year 2004. We recommend the Fiscal Court review these salary payments to determine if these payments are valid. If these payments are determined to be invalid, we then recommend the fiscal court request reimbursement of the funds from the County Judge/Executive.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Will reimburse if proper doc. is supplied.

#### Reference Number 2005-14

#### The Menifee County Fiscal Court Should Fix Compensation Of County Employees

Per KRS 64.530, the Fiscal Court of each county shall fix the compensation of every county officer and employee except the officers named in KRS 64.535 and the county attorney and jailer. The Fiscal Court may provide a salary for the county attorney. The Fiscal Court approved an across the board 2% increase in salaries and wages for all employees. However, the treasurer could not provide records documenting each individuals new pay rate. We recommend that the Menifee County Fiscal Court comply with KRS 64.530.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Fixed with new personnel.

#### Reference Number 2005-15

#### The Menifee County Fiscal Court's Actual Expenditures Should Not Exceed Budgeted Expenditures

Various line item expenditures exceeded budgeted expenditures. We recommend that the Treasurer monitor the budget and amend as deemed necessary. In the future these amounts could be disallowed.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: in F.C. minutes. Ex. Jail and General.

#### Reference Number 2005-16

### The County Treasurer Should Not Disburse Any Money Without Fiscal Court Approval And Should Keep An Accurate Detailed Account Of All Money Received And Disbursed By Him For The County

Per KRS 68.020, the county treasurer shall receive and receipt for all money due the county from its collecting officers or from any other person whose duty it is to pay money into the county treasury, and shall disburse such money in such a manner and for such purpose as may be authorized by appropriate authority of the fiscal court. He shall not disburse any money received by him for any purpose other than that for which it was collected and paid over to him, and when he pays out money he shall take a receipt therefore. All warrants for the payment of funds from the county treasury shall be co-signed by the county treasurer and the county judge/executive. Furthermore, he shall keep an accurate detailed account of all money received and disbursed by him for the county, and shall keep books of accounts of the financial transactions of the county in the manner required by the uniform system of accounting prescribed by the state local finance officer. During our test of disbursements, we noted numerous instances in which we could not trace the disbursements to approval in the fiscal court minutes. We also were unable to view many of the invoices because they could not be located. We recommend that the Treasurer refrain from making disbursements without prior approval from the fiscal court. We also recommend that the Treasurer retain invoices paid.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: No response.

#### Reference Number 2005-17

#### The Judge/Executive Should Prepare A Proposed Budget For All County Funds

Per KRS 68.240, the county judge/executive shall annually prepare a proposed budget for the expenditure of all funds, including those from state and federal sources, which are to be expended by the fiscal court in the next fiscal year. The county judge/executive failed to prepare a proposed budget for the ECHO Fund and the Cave Run Water Commission Fund. We recommend that the judge/executive budget for these funds in the future.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: I inherited these two. They complete their on BD approvals.

#### Reference Number 2005-18

#### The County Judge Should Present All Claims To The Fiscal Court Prior To Payment

Per KRS 68.275(2), the county judge/executive shall present all claims to the fiscal court for review prior to payment and the court, for good cause shown, may order that a claim not be paid. As noted in finding number fifteen we could not find approval for seventeen of the twenty-nine disbursements tested.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: I gave all claims I knew about.

Reference Number: 2005-19

#### The Fiscal Court Should Pay Invoices Within Thirty Days Of Receipt Of A Vendor's Invoice.

Per KRS 65.140, unless the purchaser and vendor otherwise contract, all bills for goods or services shall be paid within thirty working days of receipt of a vendor's invoice except when payment is delayed because the purchaser had made a written disapproval of improper performances or improper invoicing by the vendor or by the vendor's subcontractor. An interest penalty of one percent (1%) of any amount approved and unpaid shall be added to the amount approved for each month or fraction thereof after the thirty days which followed receipt of vendor's invoice by the purchaser. Of the twenty-nine disbursements tested, only thirteen invoices were provided to us. Of the thirteen provided, two invoices were paid later than the thirty-day requirement. We could not determine if sixteen of the twenty-nine disbursements tested were paid within thirty days because the invoices were not provided to us. We recommend the fiscal court pay invoices within thirty days as required by KRS 65.140.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: Hopefully standing orders were used.

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

#### Reference Number 2005-9

Condition: The Fiscal Court Should Prepare A Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards

Criteria: OMB Circular A-133 Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations, section 310(B) requires the auditee to prepare a schedule of expenditures of federal awards covered by the auditee's financial statements. At a minimum, the schedule shall include:

- A list of individual Federal programs by Federal Agency. For Federal Programs included in a cluster of programs, list individual Federal programs within a cluster of programs. For R&D, total Federal awards expended shall be shown either by individual award or by Federal agency and major subdivision within the Federal agency. For example, the National Institutes of Health is a major subdivision in the Department of Health and Human Services.
- For Federal awards received as a sub recipient, provide the name of the pass-through entity and identifying number assigned by the pass-through entity shall be included.
- Provide total Federal awards expended for each individual Federal program and the CFDA number or other identifying number when the CFDA information is not available.
- Include notes that describe the significant accounting policies used in preparing the schedule.
- To the extent practical, pass-through entities should identify in the schedule the total amount provided to sub recipients from each Federal Program.
- Include, in either the schedule or a note to the schedule, the value of the Federal awards expended in the form of non-cash assistance, the amount of insurance in effect during the year, and loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end. While not required, it is preferable to present this information in the schedule.

Effect: A single audit may not be performed as required because the auditor and auditee are not aware of the amount of federal funds expended during the fiscal year.

Cause: Disregard for the requirements of OMB Circular A-133.

Auditors' Recommendation: In the future, we recommend that this schedule be maintained throughout the fiscal year.

County Judge/Executive James D. Trimble's Response: FEMA agent, Gateway

#### PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT - CORRECTED

The following findings were included as Financial Statement Findings in the prior year audit:

- The Treasurer Should Acquire Employee Authorizations For All Withholdings
- The County Should Have A Written Agreement To Protect Deposits
- Only Authorized Signors Should Be Signing Checks
- The Menifee County Fiscal Court Should Advertise For Bids

Menifee County Fiscal Court PO Box 105 12 Main Street Frenchburg, Kentucky 40322

SCHEDULE OF CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN MENIFEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Audit Firm - Morgan-Franklin, LLC

Comments on Findings - Federal Award Program Audits

#### 2005-9. The Fiscal Court Should Prepare A Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards

Recommendation: In the future, we recommend that this schedule be maintained throughout the fiscal year.

Action Taken Or Planned: FEMA agent, Gateway.

### MENIFEE COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2005

Federal Grantor
Program Title
Grant Name (CFDA #)

Pass-Through

Grantor's Number

Expenditures

Cash Programs:

U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development

Passed-Through State Department for Local Government:

Community Development Block Grant Cave Run Water Commission Water Treatment Plant (CFDA #14.228)

Unknown

\$ 818,170

U.S. Department of Homeland Security

Passed-Through State Department of Military Affairs:

Domestic Preparedness Equipment (CFDA # 97.004)

Unknown

54,556

Disaster and Emergency

Assistance Grants

(CFDA # 97.036)

FEMA-1454-DR-KY FEMA-1523-DR-KY 25,682 238,850

Total Cash Expenditures of Federal Awards

\$ 1,137,258

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

## MENIFEE COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

#### For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

- Note 1 The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Menifee County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>.
- Note 2 Of the federal expenditures presented in the accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Menifee County Fiscal Court provided federal awards to the following subrecipient:

Program	CFDA Number	Subrecipient	Pass-Through Grant Amount
U.S. Department Of Housing And Urban Development			
Passed Through State Department For Local Government:			
Community Development Block Grant			
Cave Run Water Commission Water Treatment Plant	14.228	Cave Run Water Commission	\$ 818,170

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

### Morgan-Granklin, LLC

#### Certified Public Accountants

P.O. Box 428 513 Main Street West Liberty, Kentucky 41472

Brenda K. Morgan, CPA Jody B. Franklin, CPA

The Honorable J. D. Trimble, Former Menifee County Judge/Executive Honorable Hershall Sexton, Menifee County Judge/Executive Members of the Menifee County Fiscal Court

Phone: (606) 743-1884 FAX: (606) 743-1895 www.morganfranklin.com

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based on An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We were engaged to audit the financial statements of Menifee County Fiscal Court, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated February 21, 2007. We did not express an opinion of the basic financial statements because we were unable to obtain accurate and complete financial records and we were unable to apply other auditing procedures regarding the financial reporting system of accounts, the scope of our work was not sufficient to enable us to express, and we do not express, an opinion on the financial activity. The significance of these issues, in the aggregate, prevents us from placing any reliance on the financial activities contained in the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining aggregate fund information of Menifee County Fiscal Court.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Menifee County Fiscal Court's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted certain matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be reportable conditions. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect Menifee County Fiscal Court's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statements. Reportable conditions are described in the accompanying comments and recommendations as:

- 2005-1: The Treasurer Should Record All Revenues And Expenditures
- 2005-2: The Treasurer Did Not Prepare An Accurate And Complete June 30, 2005 Financial Statement
- 2005-3: The Treasurer Should Maintain All Records Necessary For Audit
- 2005-4: Payroll Withholdings Should Be Computed Correctly
- 2005-5: Menifee County Fiscal Court Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties
- 2005-6: Adequate Property, Plant And Equipment Records Should Be Maintained
- 2005-7: Disbursements Should Be Adequately Documented

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based on An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. Of the reportable conditions described above, we consider all of them to be material weaknesses.

#### Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Menifee County Fiscal Court's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as.

- 2005-8: All Employees Should Maintain Timesheets
- 2005-9: The Fiscal Court Should Prepare A Schedule Of Expenditures Of Federal Awards
- 2005-10: The Fiscal Court Should Deposit Funds Into Interest-Bearing Bank Accounts And Should Create An Investment Policy
- 2005-11: The Fiscal Court Should Approve All Transfers
- 2005-12: The Treasurer Should Prepare An Annual Financial Statement And Have It Published In Accordance With KRS 424.220
- 2005-13: The County Judge/Executive Appears To Have Been Overpaid
- 2005-14: The Menifee County Fiscal Court Should Fix Compensation Of County Employees
- 2005-15: The Menifee County Fiscal Court's Actual Expenditures Should Not Exceed Budgeted Expenditures

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based on An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

- 2005-16: The County Treasurer Should Not Disburse Any Money Without Fiscal Court Approval And Should Keep An Accurate Detailed Account Of All Money Received And Disbursed By Him For The County.
- 2005-17: The Judge/Executive Should Prepare A Proposed Budget For All County Funds
- 2005-18: The County Judge Should Present All Claims To The Fiscal Court Prior To Payment
- 2005-19: The Fiscal Court Should Pay Invoices Within Thirty Days Of Receipt Of A Vendors Invoice

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and the Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Morgan - Frankli, LJC

Morgan-Franklin, LLC

February 21, 2007

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS
APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL
CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

### Morgan-Granklin, LLC

#### Certified Public Accountants

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The Honorable J. D. Trimble, Former Menifee County Judge/Executive Honorable Hershall Sexton, Menifee County Judge/Executive Members of the Menifee County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance With Requirements
Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control
Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Menifee County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005. Menifee County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Menifee County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Menifee County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Menifee County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Menifee County's compliance with those requirements.

As described in item 2005-9 in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, Menifee County Fiscal Court did not comply with requirements regarding the preparation of the Schedule Of Federal Financial Assistance that are applicable to its United States Housing and Urban Development Program. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Menifee County Fiscal Court to comply with requirements applicable to that program.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the preceding paragraph, Menifee County Fiscal Court, complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 (Continued)

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Menifee County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Menifee County's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be a material weakness. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that noncompliance with applicable requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants caused by error or fraud that would be material in relation to a major federal program being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over compliance and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Morgan - Frankli, JJC

Morgan-Franklin, LLC

February 21, 2007

#### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

## LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

#### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

## LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM

#### MENIFEE COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2005

The Menifee County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance And Development Programs was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

J.D. Trimble

County Judge/Executive

Stuart Salyers
County Treasurer